Listening: Love Without Words James 1:19,22; Deuteronomy 6:4-5

5. Be responsive.

What does	the Bible say	about listening?
James 1:19,	. 22	

<u>Sh</u>	<u>nemah</u> :
1.	To hear sounds.
2.	To give attention to; to focus.
3.	То
4.	To obey.
We	e listen because we (John 13:34)
<u>Fo</u>	ur Types of Unconscious Listeners:
1.	Lost — we are preoccupied with self.
2.	— we finish others' sentences because we are more
	interested in solutions, saving time, or controlling others.
3.	Shrewd — we are distracted problem solvers because we are not listening, just
	solving.
4.	Dramatic — we over analyze what someone else says and get bogged down in
	the details.
<u>Fo</u>	ur Types of Conscious Listeners:
1.	Intentional — we know that listening is a state of mind and that our presence
0	makes space for the discussion to lead to a positive difference.
	Systemic — we listen to understand.
3.	Curious — we listen to what is said and what is not said, and we ask questions
1	to help another see differently, think differently, etc.
4.	— we listen in a way that helps another find a sense of clarity, momentum, and excitement.
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Но	ow do we practice loving-listening with others?
	Be loving.
2.	Be
	Be curious.
4.	Be present.

Points to Consider:

- 1. Partner with another, and little by little practice active listening.
- 2. Commit to not offering solutions or suggestions unless requested to do so by another.
- 3. Memorize some verses on listening.
- 4. Practice 15-30 seconds of silence before a phone call, conversation, or meeting.
- 5. Verbally affirm another. Don't speak negatively or criticize.
- 6. Have an open and welcoming body language.
- 7. If you are interpreting what someone is saying, then share your interpretation so it can be validated or clarified.